

NEPAL NATIONAL BUILDING CODE

NBC 103: 1994



OCCUPANCY LOAD (IMPOSED LOAD)

His Majesty's Government of Nepal Ministry of Physical Planning and Works

Department of Urban Development and Building Construction
Babar Mahal, Kathmandu, NEPAL
2060



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This publication represents a standard of good practice and therefore takes the form of recommendations. Compliance with it does not confer immunity from relevant legal requirements, including bylaws

श्री ५ को सरकार (मन्त्रिपरिषद्) को मिति २०६०।४।१२ को निर्णयान्सार स्वीकृत

His Majesty's Government of Nepal
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Preface

This Nepal Standard was prepared during 1993 as part of a project to prepare a draft National Building Code for Nepal.

In 1988 the Ministry of Housing and Physical Planning (MHPP), conscious of the growing needs of Nepal's urban and shelter sectors, requested technical assistance from the United Nations Development Programme and their executing agency, United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (UNCHS).

A programme of Policy and Technical Support was set up within the Ministry (UNDP Project NEP/88/054) and a number of activities have been undertaken within this framework.

The 1988 earthquake in Nepal, and the resulting deaths and damage to both housing and schools, again drew attention to the need for changes and improvement in current building construction and design methods.

Until now, Nepal has not had any regulations or documents of its own setting out either requirements or good practice for achieving satisfactory strength in buildings.

In late 1991 the MHPP and UNCHS requested proposals for the development of such regulations and documents from international organisations in response to terms of reference prepared by a panel of experts.

This document has been prepared by the subcontractor's team working within the Department of Building, the team including members of the Department and the MHPP. As part of the proposed management and implementation strategy, it has been prepared so as to conform with the general presentation requirements of the Nepal Bureau of Standards and Metrology.

The subproject has been undertaken under the aegis of an Advisory Panel to the MHPP.

The Advisory Panel consisted of:

Mr. UB Malla, Joint Secretary, MHPP	Chairman
Director General, Department of Building	
(Mr. LR Upadhyay)	Member
Mr. AR Pant, Under Secretary, MHPP	Member
Director General, Department of Mines & Geology	
(Mr. PL Shrestha)	Member
Director General, Nepal Bureau of Standards & Metrology	
(Mr. PB Manandhar)	Member
Dean, Institute of Engineering, Tribhuvan University	
(Dr. SB Mathe)	Member
Project Chief, Earthquake Areas Rehabilitation &	
Reconstruction Project	Member
President, Nepal Engineers Association	Member
Law Officer, MHPP (Mr. RB Dange)	Member
Representative, Society of Consulting Architectural &	
Engineering Firms (SCAEF)	Member

Representative, Society of Nepalese Architects (SONA) Deputy Director General, Department of Building, (Mr. JP Pradhan)

Member

Member-Secretary

The Subcontractor was BECA WORLEY INTERNATIONAL CONSULTANTS LTD. of New Zealand in conjunction with subconsultants who included:

Golder Associates Ltd., Canada SILT Consultants P. Ltd., Nepal TAEC Consult (P.) Ltd., Nepal Urban Regional Research, USA

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0 Foreword

This Nepal Standard for Occupancy Load adopts the Indian Code IS:875 (Part 2) - 1987 Code of Practice for Design Loads (Other than Earthquake) for Buildings and Structures, Part 2 Imposed Load, (Second Revision).

1. SCOPE

JUSTIFICATION FOR ADOPTING IS:875 (PART I)

During a desk study of codes from various countries (Uniform Building Code, The Indonesian Earthquake Code, The National Building Code of Indian, the Yugoslavian Code and the New Zealand Code) it was found that recommended occupancy loads were more or less similar. In the absence of any specific information indicating that typical Nepalese occupancy loads are unusually different, the Indian Standard IS: 875 -1987(Part 2) has been recommended for adoption in Nepal because of the similarity of the situations in Nepal and India..